

Cold War =

- Time period that started after WWII and lasted until 1989 (or 1991)
- Conflict between the United States and the Soviet Union
 -- Capitalism/Democracy vs. Communism
- Very tense period of time because of the new threat of nuclear war

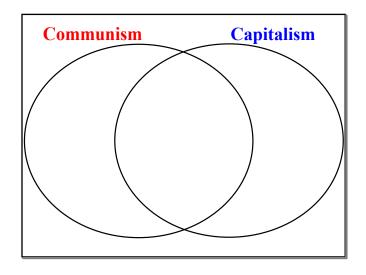


'Superpowers'

- The United States and USSR were considered
- The officed states and o's say were considered the two superpowers of the world
 -- First two countries to develop nuclear capabilities
 -- USA = most powerful Democracy
 -- USSR = most powerful Communist country







Early Cold War (1948 - 1959)

- United States wants to avoid getting into another major war, so they adopt the policy of CONTAINMENT to deal with the threat of Communism

Containment = allow Communism to exist where it already is, but prevent the spread of Communism to new nations

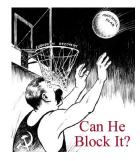
Early Examples of Containment

1) Truman Doctrine --

- Speech given by US President, Harry Truman that states the U.S. will protect the "free peoples" of the world from the threat of Communism
 - -- Specifically mentioned helping Greece and Turkey from turning into Communist nations

2) Marshall Plan --

- USA is afraid that WWII damaged the economies of W. Europe so much that Communism could spread into these countries
- Solution: USA will provide economic aid to western European democracies to stabilize their economies (Billions spent by the U.S.) = SUCCESS for USA





First major "Conflict" between USA and USSR

** Berlin Airlift







City of Berlin

- Located in Soviet occupation zone
- Each Allied power got control over a section of the city

Problem =

- Since the city was located in the USSR Zone, the Soviets could blockade all routes to the city (roads, RR's, Canals, etc...)
- The Soviets tried to force the whole city to become part of the Communist Zone

Solution =

- USA and other Allies got 'over' the blockade by flying in necessary supplies
- The airlift was so successful that the Soviets lifted the lockade and gave up

- Defensive Alliances created after the Berlin Airlift

COLLECTIVE SECURITY =

a group of nations agree not to attack each other and to
defend each other against an attack from one of the others, if
such an attack is made.



- Democracy

-Capitalists

(North Atlantic Treaty Organization)



Warsaw Pact

Communists

USSR and Satellite Nations

